The Times

FINANCIAL PANIC **WORSE THAN WAR**

Vreeland Tells Fankers
It Is Unnecessary
and Wicked.

PRESENT SYSTEM
IS INADFQUATE

Declares That No Other Nation
Suffers as Much, Even in Flush
Times—United States Treasurer Lee McClung Speaks
at Dinner to
Bankers.

That recurrent financial panies in the United States cause more suffering and loss than all the wars in which the United States has ever engaged, and that they are unnecessary and wicked because preventable, was the assertion of Edward B. Vreeland, member of Congréss from New York and vice-chairman of the National Chapter of the American Institute of Banking at its annual banquet at me Jefferson auditorium last night.

Mr. Vreeland asserted that a country in the world save the United State world in the United States and that they are unnecessary and wicked because preventable, was the Basertion of Edward B. Vreeland, member of Congréss from New York and vice-chairman of the National Monetary Commission, before Richmond Chapter of the American Institute of Banking at its annual banquet at medical properties of the Congress of the world save the United States suffered from such periods of money stringency—that the prosent financial system of the country, a makeshift of Civil War conditions—had been out.

MRS. YERKES'S WILL

stringency—that the present financia; system of the country, a makeshift of Civil War conditions—had been out-

Pollard as a member of a "small but respectable minority in the House, now

facturer and the laborer. The wise banker, when the signs of panic come, can take in sail—he can call in his loans. It is the manufacturer and the wage-carner who is primarily concerned that we have a system of banking that will stand up in time of the Japanese rail-way system into a broad gauge road has been postponed for one year. The premier counseled conservative action on the part of the banks in advancing tion of capital. ing that will stand up in time of panic and depression. Our banking system is defective. In the past half-century every other great nation has revised its system of banking, and in no other nation do the recurrent money panies appear. Isn't it the fear of future panic that shapes every transaction you make? Haven't you always in view those paroxysms which we have had on an average every ten years? claring Competing nations have not had a money panic in fifty years. Is it posthat we, the greatest nation in the invention and activity, that we alone should suffer these panies except through defective machinery of banking and currency?

Panie From Clear Sky. "The panic of 1907 fell out of a clear

try.
"We cannot escape depressions in we cannot escape depressions in business from failure of crops or from wars or rumors of wars, but every such depression causes a breakdown, a closing of banks. It is resulting in breaking down our credit. We are not over the panic of 1904 yet. We have a system which allowed the week of the panic of 1904 yet. We have a system which allowed the week of the panic of 1904 yet. We have a system which allowed the panic of 1904 yet. not over the panic of 1901 yet. We have a system which almost compels panics. Every wise and careful banker is watching to protect himself. Suppose to-morrow some unfortunate race outbreak on the Pacific coast should suggest war with Japan. Every banker in the United States would commence atrengthening his reserve—he would call in paper and put more money in his vault. When 10,000 or 15,000 banks begin that, it precipitates the very thing they are afraid of. The wheels of commerce are clogged and there results a suspension of payment in New York, as has happened in every support of the newspaper corporation cannot be held personally responsible for the newspaper such was the decision of the appellate division of the Supreme Court to-lay in the case brought by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., against S. S. Carvalho, president; Eradford Merrill, treasurer, and Edward H. Clark, secretary, of the Star Company, publisher of the New York American. The court orders all proceedings against them dismissively.

of commerce are clogged and there results a suspension of payment in New York, as has happened in every panic. In some respects our system is the worst, and in some the best in the world."

Would Not Work Here.

Mr. Vreeland Indicated that he did not favor the branch bank system which prevails in England. Such a plan in this country, he thought, would result in a few gigantic banks in New York or Chicago with branches in every city, instead of cittes like Richmond having their local banking institutions, managed and financed by local men.

As officers of the newspaper corporation, Carvalho, Merrill and Clark were arrested on the charge of criminal libel. The newspaper article for which it was sought to hold them responsible related to alleged abuses of working men of a corporation which it was alleged, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., controlled.

END IS VERY NEAR

Tom Johnson Realizes Battle for Life institutions, managed and financed by local men.

ATTACKS PENSION LIST

Frensurer MneVengh Says It Does Country No Credit, Philadelphia, Pa., April 7,—The Civil War pension list was attacked by Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of the Preasury, in an address at the open-

MRS. YERKES'S WILL

grown by the enormous development of the country.

"If our banking system is so inadequate that it breaks down in time of peace on an average of once in ten years," asked Mr. Vreeland, "what in heaven's name will it do in time of war?"

Lee McClung on Banking.

Other speakers were Lee McClung.

Treasurer of the United States, who read an able paper on the relation of the United States Treasury to the banking system of the country; Governor William Hodges Mann, ex-Governor Andrew Jackson Montague and of the Millionsire Leaves Estate to Brothers and Sisters.

New York April 7.—The will of Mrs. Mary Adelaide Yerkes, widow of Charles T. Yerkes, which was filed for probate, leaves to each of her eight brothers and sisters one-ninth of her residuary estate; the other ninth to a nephew and niece, children of a decased sister. Seven servants are rewards are rewards and the provisional President a member of the Diaz administration if chosen by both sides, and we are granted the pright to select a few Provisional Governors."

In have peace in Mexico it is absolutely essential that General Diaz shall retire," he said. "In such case a Provisional President will have to be selected by both sides. It is not need that the chosen of the clark of the cased sister. Seven servants are rewards and william was once reported to have been engaged receives \$5,000 as a "faithful friend."

Mrs. Yerkes, widow of Mrs. Yerkes widow of for probate, leaves to each of her eight shall retire," he said. "In such case a Provisional President will have to be selected by both sides. It is not need that General Diaz shall retire," he said. "In such case a Provisional President will have to be selected by both sides. It is not need that General Diaz shall retire," he said. "In such case a Provisional President will have to be selected by both sides. It is not need that General Diaz shall retire," he said. "In such case a Provisional President will have to be selected by both sides. It is not need that General Diaz shall retire," he said. "In such ca

banking system of the country; Governor William Hodges Mann, ex-Governor Andrew Jackson Montague and Ralph H. MacMichael, of Pittsburg, president of the American Institute of Banking. John Garland Pollard acted as toastmaster. Carter E. Taiman, president of Richmond Chapter, welcomed a number of distinguished guests, including several railway presidents, bank presidents, manufacturers and merchants and presided ouring the evening.

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Mr. Vereland states Treasury to the friend."

Mrs. Verkes's brothers are Thomas, Lewis, William and Powers Moore, all of Chicago, The sisters are Markley Sanderson, of Philadelphia, and George Page Marka Ellen Stockton, of Philadelphia, and George Page Markley Sanderson, of Philadelphia, and George Page Markley Sander

WILL NOT RESORT TO LOANS

respectable minority in the House, now known as the Republican party." He known as the Republican party." He was informed that although it has been said that the greatest of Virginians are dead, yet some great Virginians of the soid. Mr. Vreeland, in opening, added to Governor Mann's list of great Virginians who had alded in the making of the nation the name of Robert E. Lee, who, he stated, when history came to be judged fairly and justly, would be rated high for the nobility of his character as for his ability of performance.

Monetary System Reform.

"The most important question, save alone the preservation of our peace."

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"The improvements in Korea are planned to extend over a number of a report received here last night.

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said Mr. Vreeland, "is the reform of our monetary system. It affects every man, woman and child in America—the banks possibly less than the manu-

WILL OPPOSE VIOLENCE

Threats by Socialist Leader During Debate on Ferrer Case. Madrid, April 7.—The continuation of the debate on the Ferrer case, in the Chamber of Deputies to-day, was responsible for an exceptionally turbulent session. The Socialist leader, Pabio Iglesias, raised a storm by declaring that although heavest. Pablo Iglesias, raised a storm by de-claring that although he could not resuscitate Ferrer, he could repair the injustice of the trial. If he did not succeed, he would try to overthrow the administration, which refused reparation to the murdered man. The affair, he said, would not end there. Then he shouted: "Do not be surprised, deputies, if justice is denled, to hear the clash of arms."

After the president had tried in vain to make Iglesias withdraw his words

sky, when the country was busy and prosperous. The people then woke up to find that they had a system that was unable to bear the burden of the extended business of an enlarged country.

After the president had tried in vain on make [glesias withdraw his words of menace, Premier Canalejas sprang to his feet, and delayed in vain to the president had tried in vain to the president had tried in vain the prospect of the president had tried in vain the prospect of the president had tried in vain the prospect of the president had tried in vain the prospect of the president had tried in vain the prospect of the president had tried in vain the prospect of the president had tried in vain the prospect of the president had tried in vain the prospect of the president had tried in vain the prospect of the president had tried in vain the prospect of the president had tried in vain the prospect of the prospect of the president had tried in vain the prospect of the prospect of the president had tried in vain the prospect of the prospect of the prospect of the prospect of the prospect o violence.

Richmond having their local banking institutions, managed and financed by local men.

"We want," he continued, "a system that won't drop when a few speculators get in control of a few banks in New York City. Why should the whole country suffer for the fault of a few? The present system compels suspension of payment. There is no acknowledged leadership, such as is furnished by the Bank of England or the Bank of France. These are not merely great money-making machines, but the Bank of England is a financial signal light of England is a financial signal light of Great Britain. We have no leader that his end was near, had his wife, daughter and son summoned to his bedside for a last interview. He is a quoted as a saying at the end of the visit, "Farewell, I am through talking." The members of the family left the room weeping, but have remained close to the room ever since.

MADERO DELIVERS MINING DISASTER HIS ULTIMATUM CLAIMS 60 LIVES

out Resignation of Diaz.

WOULD FOREGO LEADERSHIP

sional President of Republic Appointed from Diaz's Cabinet-Surprise in Mexico City, and Peace Seems Far Away.

Madero's Camp, Bustillos Estate, mear Chihuahua, Mexico, April 7 .-What he declared to be als uitimatum ever has visited this section of the on the question of peace was deliv-While insisting that President Diaz retire and the country be given a new, tance from this city, when the lives election, Senor Madero said he was of between fifty and sixty men and

view was rather to discredit the pos- Dawe, a fire boss, and Walter Knight, sibility of immediate peace. He said bawe, a fit no peace overtures whatever had been a foreman.

Unless all members of the Cabinet, and possibly with the support of Con- and possibly with the support of Madero's

probably now in the hands of the rebels, under Juan Cabral. The the finding of these bodies indicated same time the total that there was practically no hope for break his fast with the yolks of half a accounted for in the report. It the other impresoned inners, been reported, however, that there to o'clock this morning in an engine tozzi, following his declaration that he not accounted for in the report. It

Insurrectos have also entered th camp of Las Chispas, in the Arizpe district, which is owned by Swiss. It is one of the richest camps in Sonora and sends its gold bullion on burros overland to Nogales.

Bringing In Wounded.

El Paso, Tex., April 7.-Elghty-three younded and a number of prisoners taken by the Federals at Casas Grande, were brought into Juarez to-day. The wounded lay prone in box cars, were well cared for by the escort, which numbered about 200. With the latter were two field pieces and two a hundred feet after the blaze at the rapid-fire guns.

General Eugla Lis, recently ordered o proceed with his force from Casas Grandes to Chihuahua, is reported to have left for the latter place. Twentyfive "soldadas," or women camp fol-lowers, who had become separated from their husbands in the Federal ranks, arrived at Juarez to-day. They walked from Chihuahua, 150 miles, pushing a hand car that bore their meagre belongings. Where bridges were cut, they forded the streams, carrying the hand car.

Juarez Again Menneed.

United States customs guards repor a force of 400 insurrectos at San Ignacio, epposite Fort Hancock, east of El The appearance of this force. which, it is believed, is awaiting rein forcements, has revived fears of an at tack on Juarez.

Dispatches from Culixean, the capital of Sinaloa, declare two engagements. There was no violence, although it have taken place near Mojolo, and that was feared there might be some disa number of wounded Federals have orderly demonstration on the part of been brought to Culixean in ox carts. I the friends of the foreigness among Couriers from Agua Ajito, near Mo jolo, brought reports of an engagement, in which it was said forty insurrectos were killed by the Federal artil-

(Continued on Second Page.)

No End of War With- Fire Traps Men and Boys in "Blind" Tunnel.

> FORTY BODIES ARE RECOVERED

He Is Willing to Have Provi- One of Victims Was in Charge of United States Rescue Car, While Noted Expert in Rescue Work Is Lying at Point of Death.

Scranton, Pa., April 7 .- One of the most serious mine disasters which little village of Throop, a short diswilling to resign as "Provisional President," and, if necessary, would allow a Provisional President to be selected from Diaz's Cabinet.

The tenor of Senor Madero's interUnited States mine rescue car. Issue United States mine rescue car; Isaac

no peace overtures whatever had been received by him. He did not intend to move camp toward the border or anywhere else with a view of receiving any peace commissioners.

"To have peace in Mexico it is ab-"To have peace in Mexico it is absolutely essential that General Diaz overcome, and is said to be in a crit-

solutely essential that General Diaz shall retire," he said. "In such case a Provisional President will have to be selected by both sides. It is not necessary that I or any of my friends shall be chosen. I would accept as shall be chosen. I would accept as shall be chosen. I would accept as the Diaz administration if chosen by both sides, and we are granted the right to select a few Provisional Governors."

Surprise in Capital.

Mexico City, April 7.—Francisco I. Madero's proposition to resign from solver three bodies. One of these was Joseph Evans. He was seen to wrench his helmet from his head. It evidently had failed to work. Evans was carried to the open air as quickly as possible, but he had inhaied so much smoke and gas from the burning coal that he died within a few hours. Enzlan's experience was similar to that of Evans.

Two Score Bodies Found.

Up to a late hour to-night.

Two Score Bodies Found.

Up to a late hour to-night nearly two score of bodies had been piled at the bottom of the shaft, but it was thought advisable not to bring them to the surface until the crowd had dwindled. A face until the crowd had dwindled. A temporary morgue had been erected at temporary morgue had been erected at the opening to the mine, and here were congregated hundreds of women and children, relatives of the men and boys who had been so suddenly snatched from them. Their grief was pitiful, whildren of tender years clinging to the skirts of their mothers, while older members of the family sought to soften the anguish of the distracted mothers and sisters of the unfortunate fathers

gress itself, should agree to Madero's terms, there is but one man in the republic who can answer the rebel leader, and that is the President himself.

That the members of the Cabinet would go that far on the road towards peace is not to be expected.

And brothers.

None of the bodies was mutilated, death doubtless having been caused by inhaling flames and gases. The rescuers are pushing into the mine, and it is thought that all of the bodies will be recovered within a few hours. The fire was in the Pancoast Col-

liery, three miles frompast the point where the flames were first discovered and stumbled over the bodies of two men and a boy, who evidently had fallen while groping their way to safety. To those familiar with the conditions in the Pancoast Colliery, the finding of these hodies indicated and mad worked missel into a state of mental and physical exhaustion until he tumbled over against the steel bars of the prisoners' cage. Lawyers and carbineers rushed to his assistance, and in the conditions in the Pancoast Colliery, the finding of these hodies indicated and worked missel into a state of mental and physical exhaustion until he tumbled over against the steel bars of the prisoners' cage. Lawyers and carbineers rushed to his assistance, and in the conditions in the Pancoast Colliery, the finding of these hodies indicated the other imprisoned miners.

has been reported, however, that there has been fighting in the vicinity of Arizpe during the last two days. Arizpe is the capital of the Arizpe disstarted. About sixty of them were at work in a "blind" tunnel at the end of the slope, for whom escape was com-pletely blocked by fire, smoke and the generated gases.
Gangs of miners at the Pancoast, jed

by Mine Superintendent Joseph Birtley, and assisted by the Throop fire depart ment, carried hose into the mine and fought the fire.

Rescue Car Summoned, The United States mine rescue car, stationed in Wilkesbarre, was summoned early in the afternoon. Three men with the oxygen tanks and helmets on, succeeded in penetrating the slope for men and a boy. Their faces were sobs he cried out: had died trying to escape the deadly gases and intense heat.

A corps of the rescue men later came upon several bodies strewn along the readway, where the men had fallen over one another in their frenzies fight to get to the end of the slope. The bodies were carried to the foot of the shaft and stacked up in piles in the narrow space to be taken out after nightfall. This was done to mollity the horror consequent upon the sight of the distracted wives, children and thronged the mouth of the shaft,

Borough officials, deputy patrolmen and a squad of State were summoned from Pottsville, three miles away, to take care of the crowds. the friends of the foreigners among the victims.

The colliery is owned and operated by the Price-Pancoast Coal Company, at the head of which is John R. Bry-Only 150 troops are left to garrison Culixean, and Governor Redo has been It is one of the largest and most upden, general manager of the Ontario and Western Collieries in this region, to-date collieries in the region

THOMAS S. MARTIN SELECTED TO LEAD MINORITY IN SENATE



SENATOR THOMAS S. MARTIN.

ACCUSED PRIEST FAINTS ON STAND FOR STRIPLING

Ciro Vitozzi, Camorra Prisoner, Georgia's Prison Commission Falls While Testifying.

FASTS FORTY-EIGHT HOURS DECISION

Prisoner Ordered to Break Fast Generally Believed That Gover-With Yolks of Half-Dozen Eggs.

Viterbo, Italy, April 7 .- Again to-day the trial of the Camorrists was interrunted when Ciro Vitozzi, the accused priest, weakened by a self-imposed fast,

oxygen tanks, this afternoon pushed and had worked himself into a state

had abstained from food for fortyeight hours. He had been telling a story of his alleged persecution in prison, and the recital was not without its dramatic effect.

"With me in my cell," said the priest, "I had a lock of hair from the head of that hely soul, my mother. This was taken from me upon the order of a magistrate, who insisted that the hair their efforts to contrasting the was that of some woman companion of his. "What nonsense! Why, it was even gray. Can any one imagine a was painted as a Christian, a man of even gray. Can any one imagine a greater profanation?"

Seized With Fit of Weening. Here the accused man invoked the

soul of his mother in support of his statement, and, the recollection of what he described as the insults to her memengine house had been subdued, and ory overwhelming him, he was seized they came upon the bodies of the two with a fit of weeping. Between his "I have been fasting for forty-eight

hours, supported during my whole interrogation by divine power."
With the words he collapsed.

Giovanni kapi was not present when the trial was resumed to-day. His physician certified that be was suffering from a sore throat, as a result of having "cried too much during his interrogation.'

Tells of Attempted Bribe.

The proceedings opened with the re call of Vitozzi. The prisoner described other relatives of the victims who attempts which he said had been made to make him appear guilty of complicity in the murder of Gennaro Cuoccolo and his wife. While he was in prison, he said, he was confronted with a man who offered him \$20 to denounce certain persons as guilty of the Cuoccolo assassinations, adding that if it was necessary he would send the priest to America, as Erricone had been sent. Vitozzi said that he did not know the man who approached him, and whose name as given him was fictitious. The prisoner told of the alleged

ibuse of him by the examining judges during his preliminary examinations and while he was in prison. Judge De-(Continued on Third Page.)

Recommends That He Be Pardoned.

IS

nor Brown Will Make Him a Free Man.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Atlanta, Ga., April 7.—Upholding the
"unwritten law," the Prison Commission of Georgia to-day unanimously recommended the pardoning of Thomas overtures liery, three miles from this city. Three men, protected by helmets and fainted. He was under interrogation Edgar Stripling, convicted and sent-

> The application will now go to Governor Brown for action. He has announced that owing to a press of work, he will not be able to reach the case before some time next week, So strong has been the sentiment for pardon, however, petitions coming from all parts of the State and from Virginia as well, that it is generally pers and make Stripling a free man. Return to Danville.

Stripling intends to return to Dan-ville and resume his life there, so recently interrupted by the hand of the law.

At the hearing before the commission, the plaintiff's attorneys confined eater of Stripling with that of William the highest character, a lover of home and of wife; God-fearing and lovable acting finally only to save his own life Cornett was shown in the blackest of colors. Affidavit after affidavit was introduced to prove that he had no respect for women; that he was a loose

talker, and that he had not refrained from boasting of his conquests. Aftidavits from his neighbors, from former employes and from relatives were to the effect that he was repeatedly The committee will have to report warned that if he did not stop talking its program for the filling of vacancies; about the wives of other men, he would head a funeral procession, and itself. that his only reply was that he was too smart and too quick to be caught speaking for Senators who voted. napping.
Mrs. T. H. Durham made affidavit that Cornett had asked her for a kiss

and was advancing upon her neighbors arrived, and that she told Stripling and her husband.

Does Not Escape.

for the Cornetts in the course of their attacks on him. One affidavit was inattacks on him. One affidavit was introduced to prove that Stripling and rnett had been seen together on the there shall be in the Senate a afternoon of the killing, and that both were in the friendliest of moods. A letter was read from the editor of a Danville paper saying that Stripling was not wanted in Danville by the majority of the citizens of that place. Another affidavit was to the effect that of the two men killed by Stripling, both were shot in the back. Attorney Cameron, in his speech against Stripling, said that he recog-

FRAUDULENT BILLS ISSUED

nized Stripling as the man who led

Testimony Following Examination of Books of Cotton Brokers.

Aberdeen, Miss April 7.—That an examination of the books of Steele, Miller & Co., cotton brokers, showed that fraudulent bills of lading for 43. 520 bales of cotton had been issued by the firm, was the testimony of F, M. Piko. Testimony Following Examination of

Receives 21 of the 37 Votes Cast in Democratic Caucus.

FIGHT OF BRYAN IS OF NO AVAIL

Battle Fought in Advance of Meeting, Enabling Senators to Keep in Background-Pro and Anti-Bryan Feeling Made Manifest in Preliminary Scrimmages.

Washington, D. C., April 7 .- Senator Thomas S. Martin, of Virginia, was selected at the Democratic Senate caucus to-day as permanent caucus chairman and minority leader during the present Congress. He received twentypresent Congress. He received twentyone out of the thirty-seven votes cast,
sixteen going to Senator Benjamin F.
Shively, of Indiana, who was then
elected vice-chairman. Senator W. E.
Chilton, of West Virginia, was elected secretary of the caucus, the two
last named places having been filled
by acclamation. Senator Owen declined a re-election as secretary.

The expected contest did not develop,
Prior to the session, the Progressive

The expected contest did not develop. Prior to the session, the Progressive Democrats, as the followers of William Jennings Bryan prefer to be designated, met in the office of Senator Owen to canvass the situation. A number found themselves in an embarrassing position because of pledges made many weeks ago that they would support Mr. Martin for the minority leadership.

Plans Changed in Cancus.

It was decided that the Progressives should vote for Senator Newlands, of Nevada, as Senators Culberson, of

should vote for Senator Newlands, of Nevada, as Senators Culberson, of Texas, and Stone, of Missouri, both de-clined to become candidates. The plan was changed in caucus, however, when it was learned that Mr. Shively, who was the vice-chairman under the leadwas learned that Mr. Shively, who was the vice-chairman under the leadership of Senator Money during the last Congress, would not object to receiving the complimentary vote of those who would not vote for Mr. Martin

That He Be oned.

UNANIMOUS

That Goverfill Make Him be Man.

That Goverfill Make Him be Man.

UNANIMOUS

That Goverfill Make Him be Man.

new Democratic Senators that they were throwing away their opportunities.
Mr. Martin was nominated by Senator Clarke, of Arkansas, and Senator Shively by Senator Kern, of Indiana, the running mate of Mr. Bryan in the who fourteen years ago made his escape, afterwards becoming Chief of Democratic strength except four. Sensented in Danville, Va. ators Tillman, of South Carolina; rell, of Georgia, and Shively were absent because of illness, and Senator,

> For Martin-Bacon, Bailey, Bankhead, Bryan, of Florida; head, Bryan, of Florida; Chilton, Clarke, Culberson, Fletcher, Foster, Johnston, Overman, Paynter, Rayner, Simmons, Smith, of Maryland; Taylor, Thornton, Watson and Williams.
> For Shively-Chamberlain, Davis,

> Martin did not vote. The roll call fol-

lows:

Gore, Hitchcock, Johnson, of Maine; Kern, Lea, Martine, Myers, Newlands, O'Gorman, Owen, Pomerene, Ree Smith, of South Carolina, and Stone. Kept in Background. The fact that the battle had been

fought in advance of the caucus en-abled the Democrats to keep in the background all of the Bryan and anti-Bryan sentiment manifested during the preliminary scrimmages.

The friends of Senator Martin decidd that inasmuch as they had the votes o elect their candidate it would be

folly to bring this question into the caucus, which appeared to be entirely harmonious. The appointment by Chairman Martin of a steering committee which will also serve as a committee on committees was authorized by the caucus.

on standing committees to the caucus

against Mr. Martin, says: Those who supported Shively did so because they are militant Progressive Democrats, determined to enforce

the policies of the national Progressiva Democrats, and they feared that the Stripling and her husband.

Mrs. Stripling also made affidavit that once she received a letter from Cornett. Mrs. Stripling made no reply, but kept the letter and gave it to her husband.

Does Not Escape.

Democrats, and they leared that the country might feel that Senator Martun would not be regarded as progressive as the country had a right to expect of the leader of the Senate. We shall expect the country to be agreeably disappointed in this matter. There are the senator when the country to be agreeably disappointed in this matter. There are the senator was a supported by the country to be agreeably disappointed in this matter. There are the senator was a support of the s Stripling did not escape a roast or Stripling did not escape a roast or three militant Progressive Democration two from affidavits and from attorneys Senators who have not heretofore been regarded as in complete sympathy party united in spirit and in common purpose to control the special interests of this country and restore the rights of the common people.

VICTORY IS COMPLETE Election of Martin Is Hard Blow for

Election of Martin is Hard Blow fet Nebraskan.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Washington, D. C., April 7.—In spite of the terrific fight that has been waged for the las four or five days by William J. Bryan to prevent Senator Thomas S. Martin, of Virginia, from being elected leader of the Democratics in the Senate the result of the mob at Columbus, which lynched two oratics in the Senate, the result of the caucus this afternoon, when Senator Martin was declared duly elected, is a complete victory for the latter and a hard slap at the interference of the

Next week begins the semi-centennial of the Civil War. On Sunday The Times-Disputch will devote an entire section to pictures and stories of the men and events which make up the opening chapter of that great strife. From the pen of John Elfreth Watkins there will be a story of Fort Sumter, with profuse illustrations. Capitain James Power Smith, of General Stonewall Jackson's staff, has written for this section a

Civil War Semi-Centennial Number of The Times-Dispatch

vivid portrayal of the assault on Fort Sumter and the events leading up to and following it. There will be pictures of President Jesterson Duvis and General Robert E. Lee; also of the twenty-four surviving generals of the Confederacy. These generals send messages and greetings to their comrades of '61-'65. These are but a few of the features which will go to make up this historical section. A full page of pictures of Thomas Jefferkon, whose birthday anniversary falls next week, also will be printed in Sunday's Times-Dispatch.